

Library: Cardiology

Relevant Standard: IC.02.01.01

The hospital implements its infection prevention and control plan.

Element of Performance: 7

The hospital implements its methods to communicate responsibilities for preventing and controlling infection to licensed independent practitioners, staff, visitors, patients, and families. Information for visitors, patients, and families includes hand and respiratory hygiene practices. (See also HR.01.04.01, EP 4)

Note: Information may have different forms of media, such as posters or pamphlets.

Program Titles

Heart Surgery: Supporting Your Loved One Through Heart Surgery

Cardiology

Relevant Standard: MM.06.01.01

The hospital safely administers medications.

Element of Performance: 9

Before administering a new medication, the patient or family is informed about any potential clinically significant adverse drug reactions or other concerns regarding administration of a new medication. (See also MM.06.01.03, EPs 3–6; PC.02.03.01, EP 10)

Program Titles

Antiarrhythmic Medications	Cardiology
Lovenox	Medications
Enoxaparin	Medications
Dabigatran	Medications
Pradaxa	Medications
Rivaroxaban	Medications
Xarelto	Medications
Apixaban	Medications
Eliquis	Medications
Heart Attack Medications: Statins	Cardiology
Heart Failure Medications: ACE Inhibitors, ARBs, and ARNIs	Medications
Heart Failure Medications: Aldosterone Antagonists	Medications
Heart Failure Medications: Digoxin	Medications
Heart Failure Medications: Diuretics	Medications
Medications Used to Treat Heart Failure	Cardiology

Relevant Standard: MM.06.01.03

Self-administered medications are administered safely and accurately.

Note: The term "self-administered medication(s)" may refer to medications administered by a family member.

Element of Performance: 3

The hospital educates patients and families involved in self-administration about the following: Medication name, type, and reason for use. (See also MM.06.01.01, EP 9; PC.02.03.01, EP 10)

Program Titles

Antiarrhythmic Medications	Cardiology
Your Health Checklist: Taking Warfarin Safely	Cardiology
Lovenox	Medications
Enoxaparin	Medications

How to Inject Lovenox	Cardiology
How to Inject Enoxaparin	Cardiology
Dabigatran	Medications
Pradaxa	Medications
Rivaroxaban	Medications
Xarelto	Medications
Apixaban	Medications
Eliquis	Medications
Heart Attack Medications: Taking Nitroglycerin	Cardiology
Emergency Treatment for a Heart Attack	Cardiology
Heart Attack Medications: Statins	Cardiology
Heart Failure Medications: ACE Inhibitors, ARBs, and ARNIs	Medications
Heart Failure Medications: Aldosterone Antagonists	Medications
Heart Failure Medications: Digoxin	Medications
Heart Failure Medications: Diuretics	Medications
Medications Used to Treat Heart Failure	Cardiology

Element of Performance: 4

The hospital educates patients and families involved in self-administration about the following: How to administer medication, including process, time, frequency, route, and dose. (See also MM.06.01.01, EP 9; PC.02.03.01, EP 10)

Program Titles

Your Health Checklist: Taking Warfarin Safely	Cardiology
Lovenox	Medications
Enoxaparin	Medications
How to Inject Lovenox	Cardiology
How to Inject Enoxaparin	Cardiology
Dabigatran	Medications
Pradaxa	Medications
Rivaroxaban	Medications
Xarelto	Medications
Apixaban	Medications
Eliquis	Medications

Element of Performance: 5

The hospital educates patients and families involved in self-administration about the following: Anticipated actions and potential side effects of the medication administered. (See also MM.06.01.01, EP 9; PC.02.03.01, EP 10)

Program Titles

Antiarrhythmic Medications	Cardiology
Your Health Checklist: Taking Warfarin Safely	Cardiology
Lovenox	Medications
Enoxaparin	Medications
Dabigatran	Medications
Pradaxa	Medications
Rivaroxaban	Medications
Xarelto	Medications
Apixaban	Medications
Eliquis	Medications

Element of Performance: 6

The hospital educates patients and families involved in self-administration about the following: Monitoring the effects of the medication. (See also MM.06.01.01, EP 9; PC.02.03.01, EP 10)

Program Titles

Lovenox	Medications
Enoxaparin	Medications
Dabigatran	Medications
Pradaxa	Medications
Rivaroxaban	Medications
Xarelto	Medications
Apixaban	Medications
Eliquis	Medications

Relevant Standard: NPSG.03.05.01

Reduce the likelihood of patient harm associated with the use of anticoagulant therapy.

Note: This requirement applies only to hospitals that provide anticoagulant therapy and/or long-term anticoagulation prophylaxis (for example, atrial fibrillation) where the clinical expectation is that the patient's laboratory values for coagulation will remain outside normal values. This requirement does not apply to routine situations in which short-term prophylactic anticoagulation is used for venous thrombo-embolism prevention (for example, related to procedures or hospitalization) and the clinical expectation is that the patient's laboratory values for coagulation will remain within, or close to, normal values.

Element of Performance: 6

A written policy addresses baseline and ongoing laboratory tests that are required for anticoagulants.

Program Titles

Anticoagulants: Possible Side Effects	Cardiology
Anticoagulants: The Danger of Blood Clots	Cardiology
General Safety Tips While Taking an Anticoagulant	Cardiology
Your Health Checklist: Preventing Injuries While Taking Warfarin	Cardiology
Your Health Checklist: Taking Your Anticoagulant Safely	Cardiology
Warfarin and Food	Cardiology
Warfarin: Your INR Goal	Cardiology
What is an Anticoagulant?	Cardiology
What is Warfarin?	Cardiology

Element of Performance: 7

Provide education regarding anticoagulant therapy to prescribers, staff, patients, and families. Patient/family education includes the following:

- The importance of follow-up monitoring
- Compliance
- Drug-food interactions
- The potential for adverse drug reactions and interactions

Program Titles

Your Health Checklist: Taking Warfarin Safely	Cardiology
Your Care at Home: Taking Blood Thinners	Cardiology
Lovenox	Medications
Enoxaparin	Medications
Dabigatran	Medications
Pradaxa	Medications
Rivaroxaban	Medications
Xarelto	Medications
Apixaban	Medications
Eliquis	Medications

Relevant Standard: NPSG.03.06.01

Maintain and communicate accurate patient medication information.

Element of Performance: 4

Provide the patient (or family as needed) with written information on the medications the patient should be taking when he or she is discharged from the hospital or at the end of an outpatient encounter (for example, name, dose, route, frequency, purpose).

Note: When the only additional medications prescribed are for a short duration, the medication information the hospital provides may include only those medications. For more information about communications to other providers of care when the patient is discharged or transferred, refer to Standard PC.04.02.01.

Program Titles

Heart Failure Medications: Beta Blockers	Medications
Women and Heart Disease: Medications	Cardiology

Element of Performance: 5

Explain the importance of managing medication information to the patient when he or she is discharged from the hospital or at the end of an outpatient encounter.

Note: Examples include instructing the patient to give a list to his or her primary care physician; to update the information when medications are discontinued, doses are changed, or new medications (including over-the-counter products) are added; and to carry medication information at all times in the event of emergency situations. (For information on patient education on medications, refer to Standards MM.06.01.03, PC.02.03.01, and PC.04.01.05.)

Program Titles

Lovenox	Medications
Enoxaparin	Medications
Dabigatran	Medications
Pradaxa	Medications
Rivaroxaban	Medications
Xarelto	Medications
Apixaban	Medications
Eliquis	Medications
Taking Your Heart Medications	Cardiology
Your Blood Pressure Management Plan	Cardiology
Heart Failure Medications: Beta Blockers	Medications
Heart Surgery: At Discharge	Cardiology
Medication Guidelines	Cardiology
Recovery Weeks 3-6	Cardiology
Preparing for Your Heart Surgery	Cardiology
Women and Heart Disease: Medications	Cardiology

Relevant Standard: NPSG.07.05.01

Implement evidence-based practices for preventing surgical site infections.

Element of Performance: 2

Educate patients, and their families as needed, who are undergoing a surgical procedure about surgical site infection prevention.

Program Titles

Before and During the ICD Implant Procedure	Cardiology
The Pacemaker Implant Procedure	Cardiology
Incision Care	Cardiology
Preparing for Your Heart Surgery	Cardiology
The Day of Your Surgery	Cardiology

Relevant Standard: PC.01.02.07

The hospital assesses and manages the patient's pain.

Element of Performance: 5

The hospital involves patients in the pain management treatment planning process through the following:

- Developing realistic expectations and measurable goals that are understood by the patient for the degree, duration, and reduction of pain
- Discussing the objectives used to evaluate treatment progress (for example, relief of pain and improved physical and psychosocial function)
- Providing education on pain management, treatment options, and safe use of opioid and non-opioid medications when prescribed (See also RI.01.02.01, EPs 2–4, 8; RI.01.03.01, EP 1)

Program Titles

Heart Surgery: Intensive Care

Cardiology

Heart Surgery: Pain Management

Cardiology

Element of Performance: 8

The hospital educates the patient and family on discharge plans related to pain management including the following:

- Pain management plan of care
- Side effects of pain management treatment
- Activities of daily living, including the home environment, that might exacerbate pain or reduce effectiveness of the pain management plan of care, as well as strategies to address these issues
- Safe use, storage, and disposal of opioids when prescribed

Program Titles

Heart Surgery: Pain Management

Cardiology

Relevant Standard: PC.02.03.01

The hospital provides patient education and training based on each patient's needs and abilities.

Element of Performance: 10

Based on the patient's condition and assessed needs, the education and training provided to the patient by the hospital include any of the following:

- An explanation of the plan for care, treatment, and services
- Basic health practices and safety
- Information on the safe and effective use of medications (See also MM.06.01.01, EP 9; MM.06.01.03, EPs 3–6)
- Nutrition interventions (for example, supplements) and modified diets
- Discussion of pain, the risk for pain, the importance of effective pain management, the pain assessment process, and methods for pain management
- Information on oral health
- Information on the safe and effective use of medical equipment or supplies provided by the hospital
- Habilitation or rehabilitation techniques to help the patient reach maximum independence
- Fall reduction strategies

Program Titles

Antiarrhythmic Medications

Cardiology

Your Health Checklist: Taking Warfarin Safely

Cardiology

Your Care at Home: After a Heart Attack

Cardiology

Your Care at Home: Taking Blood Thinners

Cardiology

Understanding Atrial Fibrillation

Cardiology

Living with Atrial Fibrillation

Cardiology

Treating Atrial Fibrillation

Cardiology

What is Electrical Cardioversion?

Cardiology

What is Ablation?

Cardiology

Adjusting to Life with Your ICD

Cardiology

Before and During the ICD Implant Procedure

Cardiology

ICD: Understanding Heart Rhythms

Cardiology

ICD: Your Immediate Recovery Following the Implant of Your ICD

Cardiology

Understanding Your ICD

Cardiology

The Need for a Pacemaker

Cardiology

Adjusting to Life with Your New Pacemaker	Cardiology
The Pacemaker Implant Procedure	Cardiology
Understanding How Pacemakers Work	Cardiology
Your Immediate Recovery Following Your Pacemaker Implant Procedure	Cardiology
Lovenox	Medications
Enoxaparin	Medications
How to Inject Lovenox	Cardiology
How to Inject Enoxaparin	Cardiology
Dabigatran	Medications
Pradaxa	Medications
Rivaroxaban	Medications
Xarelto	Medications
Apixaban	Medications
Eliquis	Medications
Controlling Your Blood Pressure When You Have Heart Disease	Cardiology
Controlling Your Risk Factors for a Healthier Heart	Cardiology
Eating Healthy for a Healthy Heart	Cardiology
Exercise and Heart Disease	Cardiology
Managing Diabetes and Heart Disease	Cardiology
Managing Stress and Heart Disease	Cardiology
Quitting Smoking for a Healthier Heart	Cardiology
Reducing Heart Disease by Lowering Your Cholesterol	Cardiology
The Mediterranean Diet	Cardiology
Taking Your Heart Medications	Cardiology
Weight Control and Heart Disease	Cardiology
Your Blood Pressure Management Plan	Cardiology
Heart Failure Medications: Beta Blockers	Medications
Understanding Cholesterol and Heart Disease	Cardiology
Risk Factors for Heart Disease	Cardiology
Lowering Cholesterol with Diet and Exercise	Cardiology
Medications to Lower Cholesterol	Cardiology
Common Emotions During Your Hospital Recovery	Cardiology
Heart Surgery: At Discharge	Cardiology
Heart Surgery: Intensive Care	Cardiology
Moving Along Your Recovery Path	Cardiology
Heart Surgery: Pain Management	Cardiology
Increasing Your Activity in the Hospital	Cardiology
Activity Guidelines for the First Few Weeks After Surgery	Cardiology
Creating a Daily Routine	Cardiology
Emotions and Relationships	Cardiology
Incision Care	Cardiology
Medication Guidelines	Cardiology
Recovery Weeks 3-6	Cardiology
When to Call Your Healthcare Team	Cardiology
Reducing Your Heart Disease Risk Factors after Heart Surgery	Cardiology
Heart Surgery: Breathing Exercises	Cardiology
Preparing for Your Heart Surgery	Cardiology
The Day of Your Surgery	Cardiology
Understanding Coronary Artery Bypass Surgery	Cardiology
Understanding Minimally Invasive Surgery	Cardiology
Heart Attack Medications: Taking Nitroglycerin	Cardiology

Healthy Living After a Heart Attack: Staying Positive	Cardiology
Healthy Living After a Heart Attack: Nutrition	Cardiology
Healthy Living After a Heart Attack: Exercise	Cardiology
Symptoms of a Heart Attack	Cardiology
What is a Heart Attack?	Cardiology
Diagnosing a Heart Attack	Cardiology
Treating Coronary Artery Disease: Lifestyle Changes, Medications, Stents and Surgery	Cardiology
After a Heart Attack: Discharge Day	Cardiology
Healthy Living After a Heart Attack: Understanding Risk Factors	Cardiology
Healthy Living After a Heart Attack: Angina	Cardiology
Heart Attack Medications: Statins	Cardiology
Healthy Living After a Heart Attack: Reducing Stress	Cardiology
Your Heart and Humidity	Cardiology
Heart Health and Sex	Cardiology
Common Tests for Diagnosing and Monitoring Heart Failure	Cardiology
Heart Failure Medications: ACE Inhibitors, ARBs, and ARNIs	Medications
Heart Failure Medications: Aldosterone Antagonists	Medications
Heart Failure Medications: Digoxin	Medications
Heart Failure Medications: Diuretics	Medications
Monitoring Symptoms of Heart Failure	Cardiology
Heart Failure: Preparing for Discharge	Cardiology
Living with Heart Failure: Exercising Safely	Cardiology
Living with Heart Failure: Building a Support Network	Cardiology
Living with Heart Failure: Fluid Guidelines	Cardiology
How to Handle a Heart Failure Flare-Up	Cardiology
Living with Heart Failure: Strategies to Reduce Sodium	Cardiology
Tobacco and Heart Failure: Tips for Quitting	Cardiology
Managing Your Heart Failure Medications	Cardiology
Medications Used to Treat Heart Failure	Cardiology
Living with Heart Failure: Reading Nutrition Labels	Cardiology
What is Heart Failure?	Cardiology
Preparing for Your Doctor's Appointments When You Have Heart Failure	Cardiology
What is a Heart Failure Treatment Plan?	Cardiology
What Your Heart Failure Diagnosis Means	Cardiology
Understanding Ejection Fraction	Cardiology
Treating Heart Failure: Medications, Devices, and Surgery	Cardiology
Treating Heart Failure: Left Ventricular Assist Devices	Cardiology
Living with Heart Failure: Goals for the Future	Cardiology
Living with Heart Failure: Your Heart-Healthy Diet	Cardiology
The Female Risk Factor for Developing Heart Disease	Cardiology
Women and Heart Disease: Medications	Cardiology
Women and Heart Disease: Cholesterol and Blood Pressure	Cardiology
Women and Heart Disease: Smoking	Cardiology
Women and Heart Disease: Weight Management, Diabetes and Exercise	Cardiology
Hormone Replacement Therapy and Heart Disease	Cardiology
Heart Attack in Women: Symptoms and Treatment	Cardiology
Women and Heart Disease: Stress and Depression	Cardiology
The Support of Cardiac Rehabilitation	Cardiology
Stress and Blood Pressure	Cardiology
Aspirin and Heart Disease	Cardiology
Control Hypertension	Cardiology

Coronary Artery Disease – When Are Heart Attacks Most Likely to Occur?	Cardiology
Cholesterol - Alcohol & Folic Acid Benefits	Cardiology
Aspirin Effects During a Heart Attack	Cardiology
The Benefits of Cardiac Rehabilitation	Cardiology
The Phases of Cardiac Rehabilitation	Cardiology
What is Deep Vein Thrombosis?	Cardiology
Recognizing and Treating DVT	Cardiology
Preventing DVT After Hospital Discharge	Cardiology
Angina and Other Symptoms of Coronary Artery Disease	Cardiology
Understanding Coronary Artery Disease	Cardiology
What is PAD?	Cardiology
Living with PAD	Cardiology
Understanding Angina Pectoris	Cardiology
Treating Angina	Cardiology
Lifestyle Changes to Reduce Your Risk for Vascular Disease	Cardiology
Managing Cholesterol: Quitting Smoking	Cardiology
Cardiac Rehabilitation: Heart Healthy Supermarket Tour	Cardiology
Why Do You Need Transcatheter Mitral Valve Replacement?	Cardiology
Repair or Replace: Options for Aortic Valve Disease	Cardiology
Understanding the TAVR Procedure	Cardiology
Understanding the TMVR Procedure	Cardiology
Preparing for Transcatheter Valve Surgery	Cardiology
Life After Valve Surgery	Cardiology
Common Tests for Coronary Artery Disease	Cardiology
Treating Coronary Artery Disease	Cardiology
Why Do You Need Transcatheter Aortic Valve Replacement?	Cardiology
Cardiac Arrest	Cardiology
Diagnosing Irregular Heart Rhythms	Cardiology
What is an ECG?	Cardiology
Managing Atrial Fibrillation with Medication	Cardiology
About Atrial Fibrillation	Cardiology
Atrial Fibrillation: Hospital Discharge	Cardiology
Your Health Checklist: Atrial Fibrillation Medications	Cardiology
When to Call the Doctor: Atrial Fibrillation	Cardiology
Heart Disease in Women	Cardiology
Deep Vein Thrombosis – Travel and the Increased Risk of DVT	Cardiology
Anticoagulants: How a Blood Clot Forms	Cardiology
Anticoagulants: Possible Side Effects	Cardiology
Anticoagulants: The Danger of Blood Clots	Cardiology
General Safety Tips While Taking an Anticoagulant	Cardiology
Your Health Checklist: Preventing Injuries While Taking Warfarin	Cardiology
Your Health Checklist: Taking Your Anticoagulant Safely	Cardiology
Warfarin and Food	Cardiology
Warfarin: Your INR Goal	Cardiology
What is an Anticoagulant?	Cardiology
What is Warfarin?	Cardiology
What is High Blood Pressure?	Cardiology
What is Coronary Angiography?	Cardiology
Your PAD Treatment Plan	Cardiology
PAD Treatment: What is Angioplasty?	Cardiology
PAD Treatment: Preparing for Angioplasty	Cardiology

PAD Treatment: Recovering at Home from Angioplasty	Cardiology
PAD Treatment: What is Femoral Artery Bypass Surgery?	Cardiology
PAD Treatment: Preparing for Femoral Artery Bypass Surgery	Cardiology
PAD Treatment: Recovering At Home from Femoral Artery Bypass Surgery	Cardiology
PAD Treatment: What is Atherectomy?	Cardiology
PAD Treatment: Preparing for Atherectomy	Cardiology
PAD Treatment: Recovering from Atherectomy	Cardiology
Understanding Metabolic Syndrome	Cardiology
When to Call the Doctor: Peripheral Artery Disease (PAD)	Cardiology
Medical Animation: When Heart Failure Worsens	Cardiology
What is an AED?	Cardiology
What Is: External Defibrillator?	Cardiology
Health Minute: Hands-Only CPR	Cardiology
Answers to Common Concerns About Getting a Heart Rhythm Device	Cardiology
Answers to Common Concerns About Transesophageal Echocardiography (TEE)	Cardiology
Answers to Common Concerns About Cardiac Stress Testing	Cardiology
Coronary Artery Bypass Grafting (CABG)	Cardiology

Relevant Standard: PC.03.01.03

The hospital provides the patient with care before initiating operative or other high-risk procedures, including those that require the administration of moderate or deep sedation or anesthesia.

Element of Performance: 4

Before operative or other high-risk procedures are initiated, or before moderate or deep sedation or anesthesia is administered: The hospital provides the patient with preprocedural education, according to his or her plan for care.

Program Titles

Treating Atrial Fibrillation	Cardiology
What is Electrical Cardioversion?	Cardiology
What is Ablation?	Cardiology
Before and During the ICD Implant Procedure	Cardiology
Understanding Your ICD	Cardiology
The Pacemaker Implant Procedure	Cardiology
Heart Surgery: Breathing Exercises	Cardiology
Preparing for Your Heart Surgery	Cardiology
The Day of Your Surgery	Cardiology
Understanding Coronary Artery Bypass Surgery	Cardiology
Understanding Minimally Invasive Surgery	Cardiology
Treating Coronary Artery Disease: Lifestyle Changes, Medications, Stents and Surgery	Cardiology
What is Coronary Angiography?	Cardiology

Relevant Standard: PC.04.01.05

Before the hospital discharges or transfers a patient, it informs and educates the patient about his or her follow-up care, treatment, and services.

Element of Performance: 2

Before the patient is discharged, the hospital informs the patient, and also the patient's family when it is involved in decision making or ongoing care, of the kinds of continuing care, treatment, and services the patient will need.

Program Titles

Your Health Checklist: Taking Warfarin Safely	Cardiology
Adjusting to Life with Your ICD	Cardiology
ICD: Your Immediate Recovery Following the Implant of Your ICD	Cardiology
Adjusting to Life with Your New Pacemaker	Cardiology

Your Immediate Recovery Following Your Pacemaker Implant Procedure	Cardiology
Taking Your Heart Medications	Cardiology
Women and Heart Disease: Medications	Cardiology
The Support of Cardiac Rehabilitation	Cardiology
The Benefits of Cardiac Rehabilitation	Cardiology
The Phases of Cardiac Rehabilitation	Cardiology
Angina and Other Symptoms of Coronary Artery Disease	Cardiology
Understanding Coronary Artery Disease	Cardiology
What is PAD?	Cardiology
Living with PAD	Cardiology
Understanding Angina Pectoris	Cardiology
Treating Angina	Cardiology
Lifestyle Changes to Reduce Your Risk for Vascular Disease	Cardiology
Managing Cholesterol: Quitting Smoking	Cardiology
Cardiac Rehabilitation: Heart Healthy Supermarket Tour	Cardiology
What is Coronary Angiography?	Cardiology

Element of Performance: 7

The hospital educates the patient, and also the patient's family when it is involved in decision making or ongoing care, about how to obtain any continuing care, treatment, and services that the patient will need.

Program Titles

Lovenox	Medications
Enoxaparin	Medications
Dabigatran	Medications
Pradaxa	Medications
Rivaroxaban	Medications
Xarelto	Medications
Apixaban	Medications
Eliquis	Medications
Heart Surgery: At Discharge	Cardiology
Heart Surgery: Supporting Your Loved One Through Heart Surgery	Cardiology
Activity Guidelines for the First Few Weeks After Surgery	Cardiology
Creating a Daily Routine	Cardiology
Emotions and Relationships	Cardiology
Incision Care	Cardiology
Medication Guidelines	Cardiology
Recovery Weeks 3-6	Cardiology
When to Call Your Healthcare Team	Cardiology
Reducing Your Heart Disease Risk Factors after Heart Surgery	Cardiology
Heart Attack Medications: Taking Nitroglycerin	Cardiology
Healthy Living After a Heart Attack: Nutrition	Cardiology
Healthy Living After a Heart Attack: Exercise	Cardiology
Symptoms of a Heart Attack	Cardiology
Emergency Treatment for a Heart Attack	Cardiology
What is a Heart Attack?	Cardiology
Diagnosing a Heart Attack	Cardiology
After a Heart Attack: Discharge Day	Cardiology
Healthy Living After a Heart Attack: Angina	Cardiology
Heart Attack Medications: Statins	Cardiology
Healthy Living After a Heart Attack: Reducing Stress	Cardiology
Monitoring Symptoms of Heart Failure	Cardiology

Heart Failure: Preparing for Discharge	Cardiology
Living with Heart Failure: Exercising Safely	Cardiology
How to Handle a Heart Failure Flare-Up	Cardiology
Medications Used to Treat Heart Failure	Cardiology
Understanding Ejection Fraction	Cardiology
Women and Heart Disease: Medications	Cardiology
The Support of Cardiac Rehabilitation	Cardiology
The Benefits of Cardiac Rehabilitation	Cardiology
The Phases of Cardiac Rehabilitation	Cardiology
Cardiac Rehabilitation: Heart Healthy Supermarket Tour	Cardiology
When to Call the Doctor: Peripheral Artery Disease (PAD)	Cardiology

Relevant Standard: RI.01.03.01

The hospital honors the patient's right to give or withhold informed consent.

Element of Performance: 2

The informed consent process includes a discussion about the following:

- The patient's proposed care, treatment, and services.
- Potential benefits, risks, and side effects of the patient's proposed care, treatment, and services; the likelihood of the patient achieving his or her goals; and any potential problems that might occur during recuperation.
- Reasonable alternatives to the patient's proposed care, treatment, and services. The discussion encompasses risks, benefits, and side effects related to the alternatives and the risks related to not receiving the proposed care, treatment, and services.

Program Titles

Understanding Cholesterol and Heart Disease	Cardiology
Risk Factors for Heart Disease	Cardiology
Lowering Cholesterol with Diet and Exercise	Cardiology
Medications to Lower Cholesterol	Cardiology